Pre-Algebra Applying a Percent Decrease

It is common in mathematics to work with percent decreases. In a store you may see a sign that says "Sale – 40% off." In such a case, you may want to calculate the sale price.

Applying a Percent Decrease

There are two methods for working with percent decreases. Use the one you like best.

Method 1:

- Start with the amount before decrease (i.e., the original amount).
- Calculate the amount of the decrease.
- Subtract the amount of the decrease from the original amount to obtain the final amount.

$$\begin{pmatrix} decrease \\ amount \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} original \\ amount \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} percent \\ decrease \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} final \\ amount \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} original \\ amount \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} decrease \\ amount \end{pmatrix}$$

An advantage of this approach is that you calculate the amount of the decrease. Sometimes, this is an important value to know (e.g., how much money did you save?).

Example: What do you get when you decrease 150 by 40%?

Decrease Amount =
$$40\% \cdot 150 = 60$$

Final Amount = $150 - 60 = 90$

Method 2:

- Subtract the percent increase from 100%.
- Multiply the original amount by this new percentage to obtain the final amount.

$$\begin{pmatrix} total \\ percent \end{pmatrix} = 100\% - \begin{pmatrix} percent \\ decrease \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} final \\ amount \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} original \\ amount \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} total \\ percent \end{pmatrix}$$

This approach may be easier and has the same form as the formula for percent increase. It also has extensive business applications.

Example: What do you get when you decrease 150 by 40%?

$$Total\ Percent = 100\% - 40\% = 60\% = 0.6$$

 $Final\ Amount = 150 \cdot 0.6 = 90$

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