

REFLECT

1a. In what way are these two methods for solving equations similar?

1b. To solve an equation, you isolate the variable by performing _____ operations in the _____ order from the order in which they are applied to the variable in the original equation.

2 EXPLORE Solving Two-Step Equations that Contain Fractions

Use a table to help you solve each equation.

A $22 = \frac{n}{4} + 7$

Operations in the Equation	To Solve
1. First n is <u>DIVIDED BY 4</u>	1. First <u>SUBTRACT 7</u> on both sides of the equation.
2. Then, <u>ADDED</u> <u>BY 7</u>	2. Then <u>MULTIPLY</u> both sides by <u>4</u> .

Solution

$$22 = \frac{n}{4} + 7$$

$$22 - 7 = \frac{n}{4} + 7 - 7$$

$$15 \cdot (4) = \frac{n}{4} (4)$$

$$60 = n$$

B $\frac{2x}{3} = 12$

Operations in the Equation	To Solve
1. First x is <u>MULTIPLIED BY 2</u>	1. First <u>MULTIPLY</u> both sides by <u>3</u> .
2. Then, <u>DIVIDED</u> <u>BY 3</u>	2. Then <u>DIVIDE</u> both sides by <u>2</u> .

Solution

$$\frac{2x}{3} = 12$$

$$\frac{2x}{3} (3) = 12 (3)$$

$$2x \div 2 = 36 \div 2$$

$$x = 18$$

TRY THIS!

Solve each equation.

2a. $\frac{x}{3} + 10 = 40$

2b. $\frac{x}{2} - 9 = 4$

2c. $\frac{2x}{5} = 6$